



## Let's Get Together, Let's Get Involved!

Practical ideas and activities to include and bring out the best in everyone in the Primary English classroom

Data: 27 Aprile 2017

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### Questo webinar è parte integrante del Progetto 360°





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## Today we will look at.....

- · what inclusion or inclusive education is
- · who our learners are in today's English Primary classroom
- the implications for teachers and learners with practical ideas to help
- learner difficulties/differences that are most involved when learning English: dyslexia
- practical ideas for teaching and learning English inclusively using the multi-sensory approach









## European Agency for Special Needs And Education

The ultimate vision for inclusive education systems is to ensure that all learners of any age are provided with meaningful, high-quality educational opportunities in their local community, alongside their friends and peers.





#### Salamanca Statement

Inclusive Education is represented in the 'recognition of the need to work towards 'schools for all', institutions which include everybody, celebrate differences, support learning and respond to individual needs'







# For Primary English teachers inclusive education is about.....

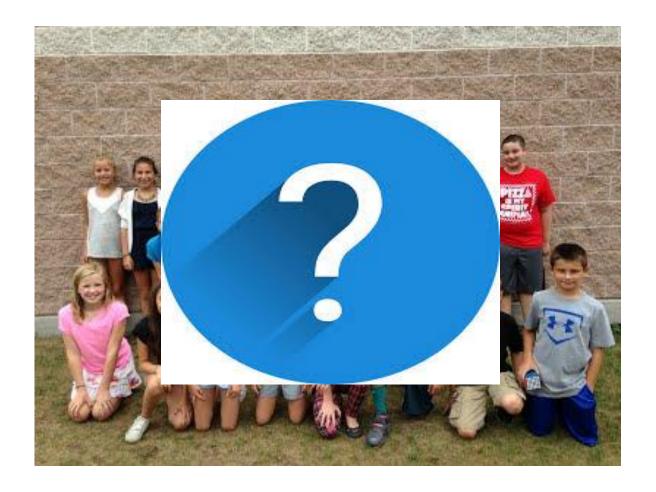
.....how we develop and design our classrooms, programs and activities so that ALL students participate together and learn successfully.







#### Who are our students in the 21st century classroom?







## A class demographic

26 children

14 boys and 12 girls

5 students from non Italian backgrounds

1 foreign student (learning Italian)

2 DSA students (dyslexia)

1 BES student (domestic problems)

4 or 5 'fast learners', 2 doing extra curricular study

Over all very lively class





## **Other Special Needs**

- cognition and learning dyspraxia, dyscalculia
- ·behavioural, social, emotional ADHD, Gifted
- \*sensory and physical hearing impairments
- communication and interaction autism







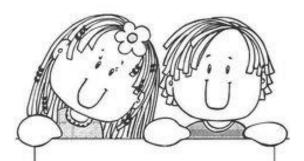
Each child is different.

Each child has a unique set of characteristics that influence the way in which they learn.

- •Fundamental that we get to know each child
- •Recognize, acknowledge and accommodate their characteristics, learning abilities and differences



•Must not compartmentalize our students



'See the learner and not the label'





•We must be fair to each child but......

"Fairness is not giving everyone
the same thing.
Fairness is giving each person
what they need to succeed"







- ·We need to differentiate
- •We need to adapt materials and grade activities to cater for different strengths and challenges









- We must be prepared to adapt or change our methods and approaches to teaching English
- Using a multi-sensory approach
- •Getting students to work in groups or pairs often
- Using more technology
- •Changing reading and writing activities to speaking and listening activities









- Using a multi-sensory approach
- The VAKT model
- ·Learning through seeing, hearing, doing and touching



**VISUAL** 



**AUDITORY** 



**TACTILE** 



KINEASTHETIC





'If a child is not learning in the way that you are teaching, then you must teach in the way the child learns'

Rita Dunn



- We need to increase our knowledge about learning differences such as dyslexia, dyspraxia and dyscalculia
- We do NOT need to be experts, specialist psychologists or specially trained teachers ourselves
- We can ask advice from experts







•We need to raise awareness, understanding and empathy in the children for one another







## Practical Ideas for Promoting Class Empathy and Inclusion

Create a 'buddy system'







## Practical Ideas for Promoting Class Empathy and Inclusion

- •Get students to work together in groups and play team games
- •Award points for who <u>worked the best together</u> rather than who finished first







## Practical Ideas for Promoting Class Empathy and Inclusion

Make a class contract in English
 (Idea curtesy of Marie Delaney, Teacher, trainer and psychotherapist)

#### Class Contract

- 1. We help each other
- 2. We listen to each other
- 3. We respect each other
- 4. We are kind to each other
- 5. We like our differences





## **Practical Ideas for Promoting Class Empathy** and Inclusion

•Use speaking and writing activities that involve talking about learning preferences and abilities

I like I don't like	

I'm good at
I'm not good at

I can	very well
I can't	very well

working on my own playing vocabulary games speaking in English reading stories

Maths, Science, English, helping my friends, reading books

listen, dance, read, do maths, play music





# **Practical Ideas for Promoting Class Empathy** and Inclusion

- •Get the students to describe each other in a positive way
- •5 minute warmer
- 'Say 2 good things about............'

Stefano is funny. He is good at running



Marta is kind. I like her hair.



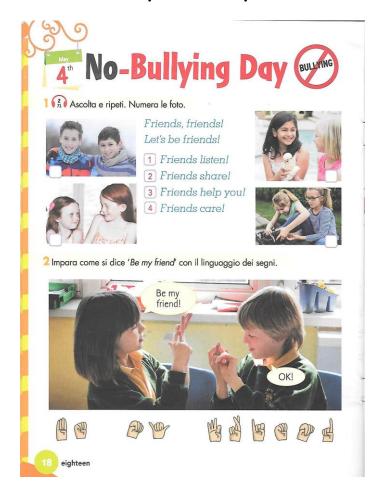


## **Practical Ideas for Promoting Class Empathy** and Inclusion

Do lessons on special or international days that promote

empathy and understanding

Let's Be Friends 3 Let's Celebrate Together







# How to make the classroom space, equipment and materials inclusive

- Make sure your classroom furniture is positioned to make pair and group work easy
- Keep the area around your board clear so it is not distracting
- ·Have a set routine and clear structure to your lessons
- Have visuals that emphasize rules and routines
- Keep and English diary of what has been done at the back of the student's exercise book
- ·Have a seating plan







# How to make the classroom space, equipment and materials inclusive



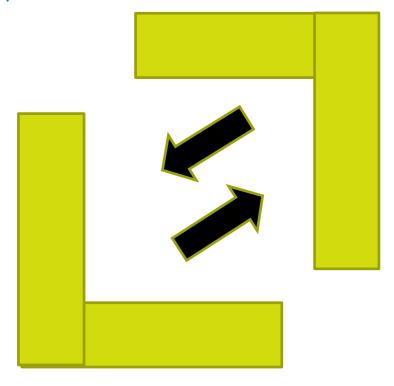








### A text 'window'



Make two thick right angles of the same length from plain coloured cardboard

Use them on a page of the text book to highlight and frame the part of the page you want the student to work on





### Using a text text 'window'





# How to make the classroom space, equipment and materials inclusive

- Photocopy worksheets onto pastel coloured paper. (Light green, blue)
- •If you make materials use 12 or 14 size font
- •Use Times New Roman, Verdana, or Comic Sans
- Look for graded materials



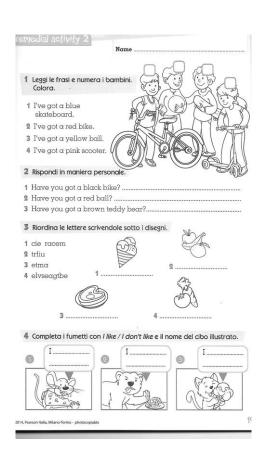


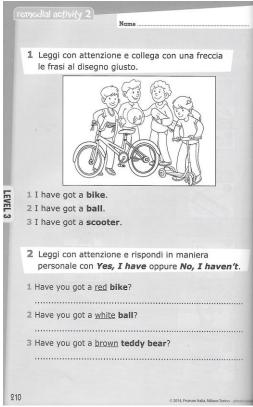


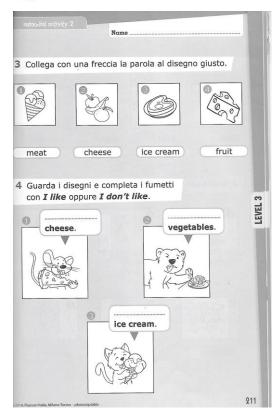
#### **Graded materials**

## Differentiated but with the same learning objectives



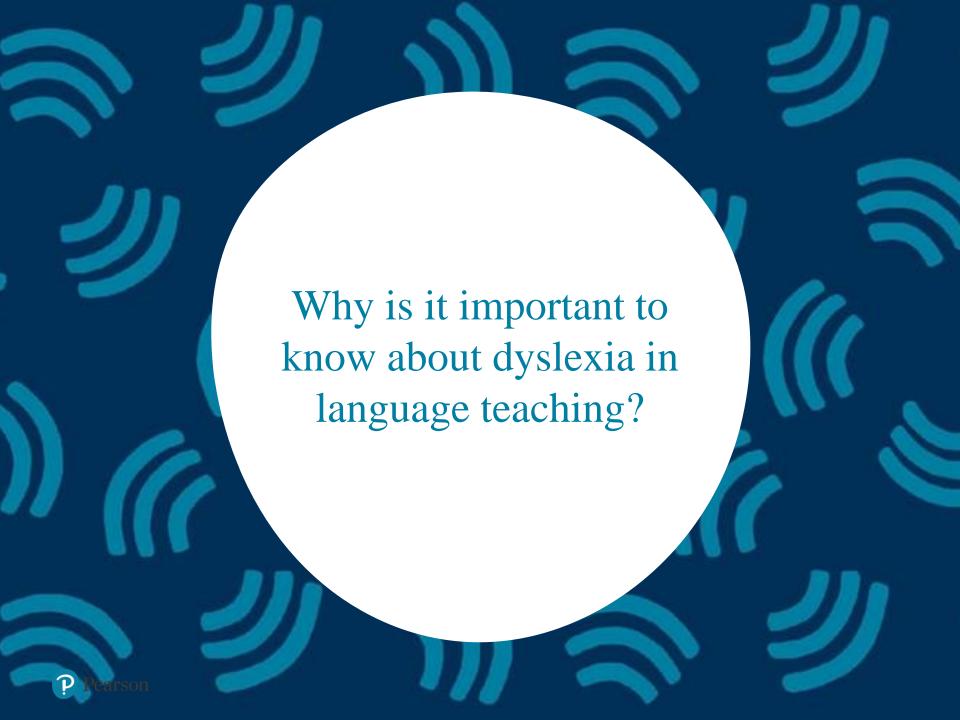












# 1. Dyslexia may be 'discovered' in the English language classroom

Languages can be classified on a continuum

#### TRANSPARENT

Close or one-to-one relationship between graphemes (letters) and phonemes (sounds)

Makes literacy easier to achieve

Italian

#### **OPAQUE**

Discrepancies between spelling and pronunciation

Different graphemes or groups of graphemes can represent the same phoneme. One grapheme can represent more than one phoneme.

English

(flight, white, fly) (to wind, the wind)

Makes literacy harder to achieve





# 2 The number of people who have characteristics of dyslexia

Worldwide average 1 student in 10



Average class of 20 2 students







# 3. Many other specific learning difficulties have overlapping characteristics with dyslexia

ADHD

Dyspraxia

Discalculia

Dyslexia

Aspergers Syndrome



# What are the characteristics of dyslexia?

- Weak short term memory
- ·Read slower
- Difficulty in following, understanding and remembering written texts
- Mix up letters
- Misread words
- Difficulty in following, understanding and remembering oral texts and instructions
- May find it more difficult to percieve differences between sounds
- Have problems with sound and letter association

MAY HAVE SOME OR ALL CHARACTERISTICS TO DIFFERENT DEGREES





## What are the characteristics of dyslexia?

CREATIVE AND VISUAL
INTUITIVE
PRACTICAL
GOOD AT LISTENING
GOOD AT SPORTS AND MUSIC
NORMAL TO ABOVE AVERAGE
INTELLECT







#### How can we help specifically?

- Make learning systematic and sequential: a little at one time
- Create opportunities for overlearning and revision
- •Use pictures, illustrations and glossaries
- •Give very clear and simple instructions with visuals
- •Give shorter reading texts or divide texts into sections
- •Give easier 'closed' comprehension questions
- •Help learners to use all their senses











## Multi-sensory Activities Presenting vocabulary

- •Use flashcards and flashcard games
- •Get the students to repeat the words chorally after you in the manner you tell them:- slowly, fast, loudly, softly, quietly, happily, sadly
- •Take all the cards and flash them fast, slowly, upside down, twirl them between two hands, reveal them slowly each time eliciting from the student what the picture represents
- Show the students the cards one by one and tell them to stop when you get to a target item
- •Take a card and hide the picture. The students guess which one you have. Can be done as a team game
- •Physical involvement. Give them each a card. Ask 'who's got the ....?. The person with that card gives it to you



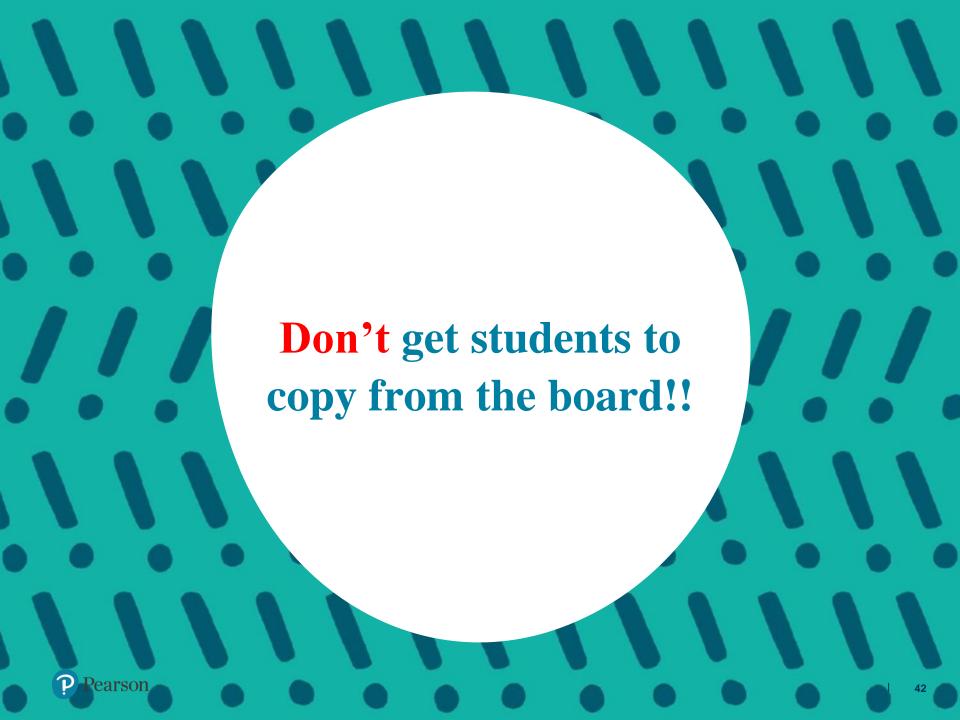


#### **Presenting vocabulary**



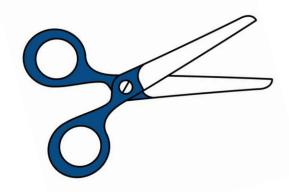






#### Make a Vocabulay Map

- •Students cut out the pictures
- •For extra comprehension in the order that you tell them









#### Make a Vocabulay Map

- Prepare written words on a worksheet
- Photocopy
- •Students cut them out



jumper





shirt











## **Multi-sensory Activities Spelling**

#### •Sky writing:

- get your students to spell words in the air as you say them
- Model first
- ·Use letter sound not name

#### ·Back Writing

- Students work in pairs
- •Give out sets of words
- •Students take turns to choose a word and 'write' it on their partner's back with theirfinger
- •Partner tries to guess the word

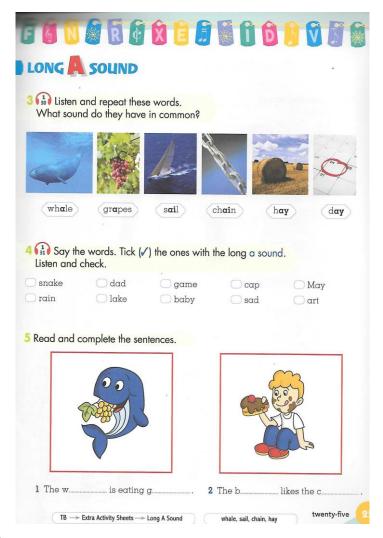








#### **Multi-sensory Activities: Spelling**









#### Multi-sensory Activities: Spelling

Long E /i:/ Long A /eɪ/ hay snake sheep thief key peas rain grapes





#### Multi-sensory Activities: Spelling

Long A /eɪ/

































#### **Grammar and syntax**

- •Students with characteristics of dylexia will find traditional word ordering activities very difficult
- But we don't have to abandon them
- ·We need to adapt them

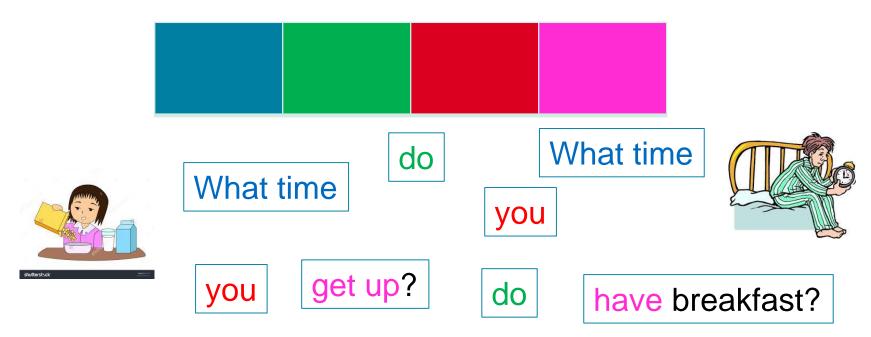






## Multi-sensory activities grammar and syntax

- •Use colour coding -each colour represents a different part of speech
- •Draw different coloured squares on the board or use lego bricks
- •Be consistent with colours
- ·Have colour coded words written on card and cut up
- Students physically order them



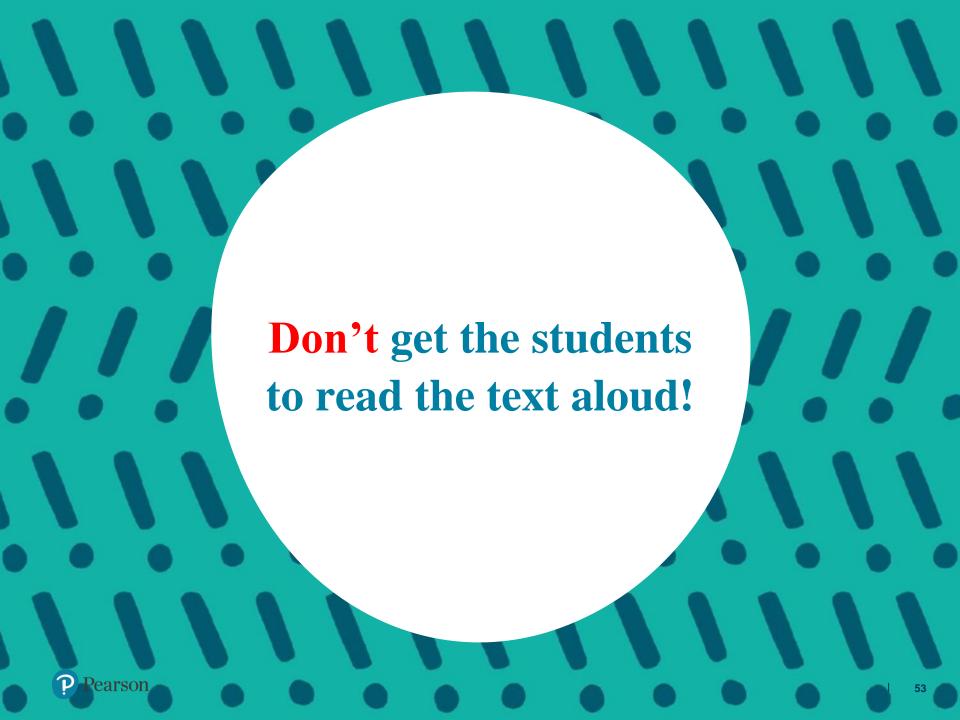


#### Multi-sensory activities Reading

- Before reading use the pictures to activate student's knowledge.
- •Ask questions in Italian
  'Is the story set now or in the past?'
- 'Do you know the story in Italian?'
- •Before reading use the pictures to teach unknown vocabulary housekeeper
- Listen and read using a text window







#### Multi-sensory activities Reading

- Photocopy and cut up the pictures
- •Students listen and order in groups or pairs





#### Multi-sensory activities Reading

- •Gap fills are challenging!
- Practice the meaning and pronunciation of the verbs first through TPR
- ·Simon says
- Make up a mime for each verb
- Write the verbs on the board 'and add 3rd person 's' / 'es' in a different colour
- •Give out cards with verbs on to students
- Listen and put in order





# Try out the ideas! 'If we teach today's students as we taught yesterday's, we rob them of tomorrow'

John Dewey





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Vai su pearson.it/miei-webinar e rispondi ad alcune semplici domande di controllo.

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Grazie per la partecipazione!



